1	OASIS Energy Market Information Exchange
2	Technical Committee Charter
3	Draft of July 28, 2009
4 5 6 7 8 9	We are finalizing the list of supporters for this charter before submission in the near future. Please send email to <a href="wtcox@CoxSoftwareArchitects.com">wtcox@CoxSoftwareArchitects.com</a> if you would like to be identified as supporting this work. This proposal is not confidential, however, the names and affiliations of sponsors will be until final review before submission to the formal OASIS review process.
10 11 12 13	PLEASE NOTE: This is a draft for discussion and review and has not yet been submitted into the formal process to create a technical committee for this work.
14	William Cox, wtcox@CoxSoftwareArchitects.com, editor.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Please send comments to the mailing list <a href="mailto:smartgrid-interest@lists.oasis-open.org">smartgrid-interest@lists.oasis-open.org</a> (preferred); optionally send comments to any other list on which you saw this.  To subscribe to the smartgrid-interest list, either send a message to the list address, <a href="mailto:smartgrid-interest@lists.oasis-open.org">smartgrid-interest@lists.oasis-open.org</a> with "subscribe" in the subject line, or go to <a href="http://www.oasis-open.org/mlmanage/">http://www.oasis-open.org/mlmanage/</a> , enter your email address, and click Manage Subscriptions. Smartgrid-interest is half way down the right hand column on the next page. In either case, you should receive a message from the subscription management software. The mailing list is open to anyone, OASIS Member or not.
27 28	1) The Charter of the TC, which includes only the following items:
29 30	(1)(a) The name of the TC OASIS Energy Market Information Exchange TC
31 32 33	(1)(b) A statement of purpose, including a definition of the problem to be solved.
34 35	The purpose of the Technical Committee is to define information models for exchanging prices and product definitions in energy markets.

As we all know, price is more than just a number. The characteristics of energy, such as quantity and units, generation source, carbon trading or tracing, power quality and reliability, and the schedule on which energy is available are information that is needed to make decisions in a market.

The committee will define neither market operations nor market structures; rather it will define how to exchange energy characteristics, availability, and schedules to support free and effective exchange of information in any energy market. In financial markets, this type of description is called a product definition. Although today's energy markets are almost exclusively wholesale, the product definitions will be usable in other scenarios including retail markets and "prices to devices" scenarios.

 Distributed energy generation challenges the traditional hierarchical relationship of supplier and consumer. Alternative and renewable energy sources may be placed closer to the end nodes of the grid. Wind and solar generation, as well as industrial co-generation, allow end nodes to sometimes be energy suppliers. Energy storage, including that in plug-in electric vehicles, means that the same device may be sometimes a supplier, sometime a consumer. As these sources are all intermittent, they increase the challenge of coordinating supply and demand to maintain the reliability of the electric grid.

Dynamic pricing describes the situation where prices vary over time, in some cases as short as five-minute intervals. Dynamic pricing allows buildings, industrial facilities, homes, microgrids, and electric transportation to adapt to market conditions, rather than the much slower pace of regulatory change of authorized costs. Dynamic pricing is a reality in many markets for commercial and industrial customers, and is expanding for residential customers. Technical solutions such as Open Automated Demand Response, deployed in California markets and now being standardized by the OASIS Energy Interoperation Technical Committee, communicates both price signals and reliability signals.

This work extends the definition of a simple price to include other characteristics and information to enable more effective markets and communication of market information.

Of course, energy prices are in use today in various domains, business processes, and markets. The goal of the Technical Committee is to provide an effective means of exchanging price and other characteristics that can be used for transactions both

across and within domains. Specific work with which the TC intends to coordinate is listed in Section (2)(a).

Better communication of actionable energy prices will help enable and expand efficient markets (including forward and futures markets) that satisfy growing demand for lower-carbon, lower-energy buildings, net zero-energy systems, and supply-demand integration that take advantage of dynamic pricing. Local generation and local storage require that the consumer (in today's situation) make investments in technology and infrastructure including electric charging and thermal storage systems. Businesses, homes, electric vehicles and the power grid will benefit from automated and timely communication of energy pricing, characteristics, quantities, and related information.

A consistent model for market information exchange can be applied, with elaboration or use of defined subsets, to allow essentially the same information communication for homes, individual appliances, electric vehicles, small businesses, commercial buildings, office parks, neighborhood grids, and industrial facilities, simplifying communication flow and improving the quality of actions taken across the broad range of energy providers, distributors, and consumers. A consistent information model will reduce costs for implementation.

Price and characteristics of energy are not necessarily simple. Retail markets typically have simple actionable information, in large measure because the retail markets combined with distribution are defined with clear and specific prices; wholesale markets are more complex, with transactions subject to later adjustments, e.g. for balancing costs, as well as the complexities of tariff definitions. This work does not intend to address those complexities, rather to define a means for effective information exchange that permits immediate decisions—wholesale market participants must independently understand the complexities of the markets in which they operate. But a simple quotation of price, quantity, and characteristics in a consistent way across markets has significant value, even though the participants must understand and anticipate later adjustments.

In the evolving transactive power grid (the "Smart Grid") these communications will involve energy consumers, producers, transmission and distribution systems, and must enable aggregation for both consumption and curtailment resources. Market makers, such as Independent System Operators (ISOs), Regional Transmission Operators (RTOs), utilities, and other evolving mechanisms need to deliver actionable information in consistent formats as the Smart Grid evolves. With

- information in consistent formats, building and facility agents can make decisions on energy sale, purchase, and use that fit the goals and requirements of their home,
- business, or industrial facility.

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- 117 The Technical Committee will focus on means of exchanging market information
- 118 consistent with the OASIS Blue approach (see <a href="http://www.oasis-">http://www.oasis-</a>
- open.org/resources/white-papers/blue/), including consistency, transparency, and
- security.

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- 122 The data exchanged is critical information to allow buyers and sellers to
- 123 communicate, understand, and act on prices, quantities, and other characteristics of
- 124 energy that is bought and sold.

## 125 (1)(c) The scope of the work of the TC.

- 126 This TC will leverage existing work wherever feasible, and will produce
- specifications for interoperation consistent with architectural principles including
- symmetry, composability, service orientation, and aggregation.

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- 130 The TC will develop a data model and XML vocabulary to exchange prices and
- product definitions for transactive energy markets. Web services definitions, service
- definitions consistent with the OASIS SOA Reference Model, and XML
- vocabularies supporting the information model will be developed as needed for
- interoperable and standard exchange of:
- Dynamic price information
  - Bid information
  - Time for use or availability
  - Units and quantity to be traded
  - Characteristics of what is to be traded
  - Deal/Bid/Acceptance confirmations

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- This work will facilitate interaction with energy markets, including but not limited to allowing participants to:
  - Take advantage of lower energy costs by deferring or accelerating usage
  - Enable trading of curtailment and generation at retail, wholesale, and aggregator markets
- Enable forward and futures markets and specific contracted time of use and provision

• Enable retail, wholesale, and aggregator market decisions based on 149 characteristics of energy traded, including but not limited to source (e.g. 150 renewable) and carbon characteristics 151 • Enable auditing of transactions and characteristics of what is traded 152 153 • Support symmetry of interaction between providers and consumers of energy • Provide for aggregation of provision, curtailment, and use at the retail and 154 wholesale level 155 156 The definition of a price and of other market information exchanged depends on the 157 market context in which it exists. It is not in scope for this TC to define 158 159 specifications for markets or for interoperation. The TC will coordinate with others to ensure that commonly used market and communication models are supported. 160 161 The TC will define the specific type and amount of information exchanged as well as 162 define extensibility and subsetting. The TC does not intend to attempt to define all 163 characteristics of complex markets, but to define sufficient information exchange for 164 effective decisions by market participants, suppliers, and consumers, and to 165 166 communicate price quotations. 167 168 The data models and XML vocabularies defined by this TC will address issues in 169 energy markets and the Smart Grid, but may be defined so as to support requirements 170 for other markets. 171 172 This work is intended to be usable by the OASIS Energy Interoperation TC and other 173 Smart Grid standardization efforts. 174 Models and requirements for cybersecurity and privacy will be addressed in the TC's 175 176 work. 177

Specific work with which the TC intends to coordinate is listed in Section (2)(a).

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180	(1)(a) A list of deliverables, with projected completion dates.
181 182	Projected times are from inception, the date of the initial TC meeting.
183	Insofar as possible the TC will coordinate its schedules with the OASIS Energy
184	Interoperation TC, UCAIug and other initiatives including those supported by NIST
185 186	and related regulatory agencies.
187	Based on coordination with Schedule and Interval, Energy Interoperation, and other
188	standards efforts, the projected timetable is
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190	[1] Develop plan and identify funding for interoperability and conformance
191	testing (1 month)
192	[2] Define eMIX price and product (4 months)
193 194	[3] Integrate eMIX with Common Schedule and Interval specification developed with others (5 months)
195	[4] Define profiles for use of eMIX in OASIS Energy Interoperation (6 months)
196	[5] Define profiles for use of eMIX in FIXML (12 months)
197	[6] Continued maintenance and development of profiles for other areas as guided
198	by identified needs including those in the United States Smart Grid Roadmap.
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200	After deliverable [5] is complete, the TC will enter "maintenance mode" described
201	schematically in [6]. The maintenance is intended to provide minor revisions to
202	address inconsistencies and any necessary modifications in a way that does not affect
203	core structure and functionality of the final deliverable, as well as to develop profiles
204	for other areas as identified in the future. Such updates will take place at least
205	annually. During the maintenance mode, the TC will continue to address the
206	interoperation and use of eMIX in its multiple contexts.

### (1)(e) Specification of the IPR Mode under which the TC will operate. 207

- The TC shall operate under RF on Limited Terms. [The TC may operate under Non-208
- Assert Mode if that mode is available when the TC Charter is approved] 209

### (1)(f) The anticipated audience or users of the work. 210

Anticipated users of this work include: 211

- Implementers of facility agents, embedded controllers, decision management 212 systems, and gateways 213
- Market makers such as Independent System Operators and Regional 214 215 **Transmission Operators**

216	•	Participants in energy markets at all levels (e.g. retail, wholesale, curtailment
217		and forward and futures markets for energy trading)
218	•	Aggregators of energy provision, curtailment, and use
219	•	Generators
220	•	Energy storage facilities
221	•	Smart devices and premises automation systems
222	•	Consumers of energy, for acquiring energy in a cost-effective manner
223		consistent with their business and/or personal activities
224	(1)(g	) The language in which the TC shall conduct business.

The TC will use English as the language for conducting its operations. 225

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# 226 (2) Non-normative information regarding the startup of the TC:

- 227 (2)(a) Identification of similar or applicable work that is being done in
- other OASIS TCs or by other organizations, why there is a need for
- 229 another effort in this area and how this proposed TC will be different,
- 230 and what level of liaison will be pursued with these other organizations.
- There are many means for market information exchange of bids and prices, including
- 232 XML vocabularies. The characteristics of energy, such as source (e.g. geothermal,
- 233 hydroelectric, natural gas generation, hard coal, soft coal generators with stack
- scrubbers, carbon characteristics) are of high present and future interest. Today's
- energy markets command a premium for renewable energy, but there are no broadly
- interoperable means of consistently tagging energy with its source or characteristics.
- 237 Specific markets, such as ISO New England's GIS =do handle tagging and
- administration of credit. The interoperable extension of such information models is a
- 239 goal of this work.

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The intention of this work is to define data models and vocabularies that allow software to exchange energy market information, and may permit extensibility to

similar markets in the future.

We believe that close coordination and balancing among the full range of stakeholders is essential to ensure that a single, technology independent requirements specification and abstract information model can be developed that can be implemented by the OASIS TC and any other entities that may develop non-XML

profiles, thus assuring interoperation at the semantic level in the future.

For one example, wholesale energy markets have specific requirements for submission and acceptance of energy offers including standardized business

- processes. The work of this Technical Committee is not intended to supplant those
- requirements but rather to work with them as a means of exchanging information
- among multiple entities. In particular, the utilities, Independent System Operators
- 256 (ISOs), Regional Transmission Operators (RTOs), energy market makers, and
- 257 wholesale energy market participants have defined models, business processes, and
- 258 XML vocabularies that could support and contribute to this TC's work. We welcome
- 259 them as stakeholders and contributors.

We anticipate input from technology, policy and business stakeholders and arganizations, including but not limited to NIST Domain Expert Working Groups and Domain Expert Working Group and Domain Expert Working Groups and Domain Expert Working Group and Domain Expert Working Grou

organizations, including but not limited to NIST Domain Expert Working Groups

- 263 (NIST DEWG) and Task Groups (http://www.nist.gov/smartgrid/), The Federal
- 264 Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC <a href="http://www.ferc.gov">http://www.ferc.gov</a>), the United States
- Department of Energy (DOE <a href="http://www.energy.gov/">http://www.energy.gov/</a>), the National Association of
- Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC http://naruc.org/) and the Electric Power
- Research Institute (EPRI http://www.epri.com).

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- 269 In addition we expect to coordinate and/or harmonize with work involving price
- information in business processes and in-domain interoperability in Standards
- 271 Developing Organizations including but not limited to the North American Energy
- 272 Standards Board (NAESB <a href="http://naesb.org/">http://naesb.org/</a>) and the International Electrotechnical
- 273 Commission (IEC <a href="http://www.iec.ch/">http://www.iec.ch/</a>).

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- 275 The development of open, transactive energy is a goal of the GridWise Architecture
- 276 Council (<a href="http://www.gridwiseac.org/">http://www.gridwiseac.org/</a>). We expect to engage the members throughout
- the lifecycle of the TC, as well as with emerging Smart Grid Architecture efforts
- 278 from NIST including the Interim Smart Grid Interoperability Roadmap

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- 280 The definition of a market is a required context for understanding prices, pricing, and
- bids. Market definition is outside the scope of this TC; we expect to interact with
- work developing out of the 2009 GridEcon conference
- 283 (<a href="http://www.gridecon.com/2009/">http://www.gridecon.com/2009/</a>), NIST, and the evolving Smart Grid Interim
- 284 Interoperability Standards Framework (http://nist.gov/smartgrid/).

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- The Financial Information Exchange protocol (FIX, <a href="www.FixProtocol.org">www.FixProtocol.org</a>) is an
- open specification intended to streamline electronic communications in the financial
- securities industry. FIX supports multiple formats and types of communications
- between financial entities including trade allocation, order submissions, order
- 290 changes, execution reporting and advertisements. FIX is employed by numerous
- financial vendors and has emerged as the favored specification among trading
- 292 partners. FIX is used in many markets, so defining the FIX product definition profile
- 293 EMIX makes no pre-judgment of energy market design.

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- 295 European markets have an additional area of economic interface, between
- 296 Transmission and Distribution (in American terminology), which are typically under
- separate ownership. As time allows, or in a future update, the TC may address those
- 298 needs.

300 301 302 303	Demand Response interactions may be used to deliver Dynamic Price information; the TC will coordinate with the OASIS Energy Interoperation Technical Committee ( <a href="http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=energyinterop">http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=energyinterop</a> ).
304 305 306 307	Work on defining business attributes of a service, being developed by the OASIS Service Oriented Architecture End-to-End Resource Planning TC (SOA-EERP TC), may apply to define attributes of energy.
308 309 310 311 312 313	The (proposed, in formation) OASIS WS-Calendaring Technical Committee or other work (identified in this draft as "Common Schedule and Interval") will provide an interoperable XML vocabulary and semantics for time that is applicable to energy pricing, automated building management, and business process. We expect to coordinate with that work.
314 315 316 317	Composability with the WS-Transaction family of OASIS Standards may be beneficial for consistent distributed outcomes, particularly across enterprises with diverse ownership.
318 319 320 321	Service definitions and the approach of the TC should be consistent with the OASIS Service Oriented Architecture Reference Model ( <a href="http://www.oasis-open.org/specs/#soa-rmv1.0">http://www.oasis-open.org/specs/#soa-rmv1.0</a> ) and best practices in that area.
322 323 324 325 326	(2)(b) The date, time, and location of the first meeting, whether it will be held in person or by phone, and who will sponsor this first meeting. The first meeting of a TC shall occur no less than 30 days after the announcement of its formation in the case of a telephone or other electronic meeting, and no less than 45 days after the announcement of

- electronic meeting, and no less than 45 days after the announcement of 326
- its formation in the case of a face-to-face meeting. 327
- TBD. The first meeting will be by teleconference. 329
- (2)(c) The projected on-going meeting schedule for the year following 330
- the formation of the TC, or until the projected date of the final 331
- deliverable, whichever comes first, and who will be expected to 332
- 333 sponsor these meetings.

- The TC will conduct its business via weekly teleconference calls. The time of the call 334
- will be determined during the first meeting of the TC. The TC will conduct face-to-335

336 337 338	face meetings as needed and determined by the TC. The TC participants will sponsor teleconference facilities and face-to-face meetings.
339 340	Under OASIS procedures, a Chair or co-Chairs will be elected at the first meeting.
341 342	Time zone difference of participants may require flexibility in meeting times, quorum, and subcommittees (if any).
343 344 345 346	(2)(d) The names, electronic mail addresses, and membership affiliations of at least Minimum Membership who support this proposal and are committed to the Charter and projected meeting schedule.
347 348 349	Note: need a minimum of 5, of which at least two of which must work for OASIS Organizational Members.
350 351	PENDING. Contact <a href="wtcox@CoxSoftwareArchitects.com">wtcox@CoxSoftwareArchitects.com</a> if you are interested in supporting this work.
352	(2)(e) The name of the Convener who must be an Eligible Person.
353 354	TBD
355 356	(2)(f) The name of the Member Section with which the TC intends to affiliate
357 358	The Energy Market Information Exchange TC intends to affiliate with the OASIS Blue Member Section.
359 360	(2)(g) Optionally, a list of contributions of existing technical work that the proposers anticipate will be made to this TC.
361 362 363	TBD
364 365	(2)(h) Optionally, a draft Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) document regarding the planned scope of the TC, for posting on the TC's website.
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368	(2)(i) Optionally, a proposed working title and acronym for the
369	specification(s) to be developed by the TC.
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371	eMIX